



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

TUESDAY, JUNE 20, 1871.

The Philadelphia Ledger of yesterday says that the anthracite coal trade has a little quickened at that point during the last week.—The shippers have more orders, at an average advance in the several sizes of coal of twenty-five cents per ton. The operators who have coal to sell profess to believe that coal will not be lower during the present year than it is now, for the reason, as they allege, that the tonnage is so far behind what it was at this time last year, it is not within the compass of the present rolling stock of the carrying companies to make up the difference in the time remaining to the end of the season; and they may be right in this. There are others again, however, who favor the idea that coal will be lower, even although the total product of coal in 1871 should not equal that of 1870.

Speaking of the examination of "witnesses" now going on before the Ku Klux Committee in session in Washington, the Patriot says that "several of the same class of miserable wretches who have heretofore figured on the stand, have been brought on to swear against communities where they have never lived, and to invent 'outrages' which are destitute of even a suspected existence. And this mass of falsehood, hatred and perjury is to be collected into another huge volume, printed at the public expense, and distributed over the country under Congressional franks."

It is stated in the Louisville Journal that "Mr. Jacob Thompson, Gen. Forrest and other prominent gentlemen of the Southwest give it as their opinion that it will be best for the Southern States to hold entirely aloof from the next Democratic Convention." It is believed that the Democrats and Conservatives in the South will be willing to support any competent, honest, reliable man who might be nominated, provided he is opposed to Radical political principles, and the present course and designs of the leaders of the Radical party. But it is probable the South will go into the Convention.

The Paris Communists still exhibit their hostility to the Government on every occasion. Twenty-five hundred women have been convicted of incendiarism, and have been sentenced to transportation to New Caledonia, in the South Pacific. Natives of Alsace and Lorraine who will leave their homes to avoid passing under the German rule are offered all the privileges of French citizenship. The Belgian authorities are active in movements against the Communists, and on Sunday arrested eighty-six members of the International Society.

The Weathersford (Texas) Times publishes a letter from Fort Sill, Indian Territory, to the Governor of Texas, warning him that during the present summer there will be witnessed the most extensive Indian ravages on the frontier of the State of any proceeding. Almost all the Indians of the Fort Sill agency, which includes Comanches, Kiowas, Apaches and others, and the Cheyennes of another, have left and are on the war path.

There are many people who think that "Communism" is confined to Paris. And yet a "Communist" meeting has been held in New York. Many people thought the "reign of terror" of the first French revolution never could be re-enacted—and yet a more bloody and atrocious one than the former, has lately existed in Paris! The "progress" of the age, as it is called, has brought us to this!

Some citizens of New York propose to present to the Emperor Alexander, through the medium of his son, the Grand Duke Alexis, on the latter's visit to this country, a work of art which has been entrusted for execution to an American artist, and which is designed to commemorate the emancipation of the serfs in Russia and the slaves in the United States.

It is said that Sir Edward Thornton, the British minister, will leave Washington shortly and may sail from New York for England on the 24th, and it is doubtful whether he will return as the representative of Great Britain. Lord Alfred Paget is spoken of as his possible successor. It is probable that Mr. Thornton will be elevated to a higher rank.

The political platforms adopted by the Democratic Conventions of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Tennessee, and Iowa are all substantially the same, and although much is said about "new departures," they really contain nothing more than the recognition of the accomplished facts, which Virginia adopted long ago.

A clergyman, preaching from the pulpit, in a church in a Northern city, a few days ago, accidentally struck a gas fixture with his foot, and himself and the whole congregation were driven out of church by the fumes which escaped from the gas pipe—many people being made quite sick.

The shipment of peaches from Mobile has now commenced, with very remunerative prices to the firms of that city engaged in the trade. So far the greater part of the early fruit it sent to New York and Chicago, where it commands very high prices.

The Baltimore Gazette says:—"Unfortunately, the great trouble under which we labor in Baltimore is want of active capital. There are so many things required, so many extensions needed, that we have not the money for everything."

It is denied at the Interior Department that an order has been issued by the President for reopening the McGarrigan case.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

In the U. S. Circuit Court at Raleigh yesterday, Judge Bond issued an order preventing the officers of the North Carolina Railroad Company from paying dividends on the bonds of the Company held by the State, he deciding in favor of the bondholders' lien, and appointing a receiver to take charge of all money paid as dividends.

Letters from Panama state that the explorations of Captain Selfridge on the Isthmus have demonstrated the impossibility of constructing a ship canal between the Atlantic and Pacific by any of the routes surveyed, except, perhaps, by that from Cupica Bay to the Atlatro, by way of the Napipi river.

A camp meeting, commencing on the 9th, and continuing until the 13th of August, will be held by the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in Hasley's Woods, Annapolis Junction, on the Washington Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

The recent heavy rains and floods in Louisiana have seriously damaged the cotton and other crops. There is a bitter political feeling throughout the State, and an official letter to the Treasury Department expresses fears of bloodshed.

A Convention of musical societies for the purpose of forming a National Union met yesterday at Philadelphia. Business was commenced by the appointment of committees, and important results to the musical profession are expected.

Advices from Buenos Ayres, received per Brazilian mail steamer Merrimac, at New York, on Sunday last, gave information of the abatement of the yellow fever plague in that city, and a list of names of Americans who fell victims to it. Fortunately the number is small.

T. A. Sampson, colored, was recently preaching in the open air at Pine Bluff, Ark., when he was struck dead by lightning. While he was being carried to his grave his coffin was again struck by lightning and shattered to atoms.

From Niagara Falls comes intelligence of the death of Peter B. Porter, who was the son of the celebrated Gen. Porter, who at one time held the office of Secretary of War under the second Adams.

It was the late Commodore Josiah Tatnall who, during the war between China and Great Britain, in 1856, went to the rescue of an imperiled English ship, with the famous declaration that "blood is thicker than water."

Two freight trains on the Erie Railroad collided near Alden Station, on Sunday. Several cars were smashed, but the number of lives lost is not stated.

A meeting of citizens of Cincinnati, irrespective of party, yesterday passed a series of resolutions sympathizing with the family of the late Mr. Vallandigham at his sudden death.

According to what purports to be a special "dispatch" from Rome to the New York World, a plot to assassinate the Pope has been discovered.

Gen. Clanton, of Alabama, was before the Ku-Klux Investigating Committee at Washington yesterday and testified to the peaceful condition of the State.

The first bale of Ramie ready for the market has been prepared by Mr. Adolphe Bouchard, a citizen of New Orleans, who is the inventor of a Ramie machine.

The Atlanta (Ga.) Sun of Thursday last announces that Mr. Alex. H. Stephens has become part owner in and will be political editor of that journal.

Business on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal has assumed its regular state.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF MALICIOUS.—Major J. B. Brockenbrough, one of our most highly esteemed and deserving citizens, was arrested by the United States marshal on Thursday, and held to bail to appear before the United States Court to answer an indictment brought against him by the Radical leaders here. Like Messrs. Shoemaker and Poole, late judges of election, he is charged with having, in the same capacity, denied the freedmen the full enjoyment of their right to vote—a charge which cannot be sustained against him, in the opinion of any just and fair-minded man. Where, we ask, is this persecution to end? Who is safe under the new order of things? And how will it be possible to induce gentlemen after awhile to act as judges of election?

We confess that we see no remedy except to make reprisals. Let some of these Radical malignants be indicted in the State courts for malicious prosecution. This can and ought to be done. Furthermore, we would suggest that some of the Radical leaders, black and white, be indicted in the same courts.—*Lyndebury Virginia.*

APPOINTMENTS IN VIRGINIA.—[From the Loudoun Republican.]—Government Appointments.—We have frequently heard it asserted that all appointments to office in this State made by the Administration, was made through the dictation of the "whiskey ring," in Richmond, which claims to have the ear of Gen. Grant. It seems that this ring has representatives all over the State, many of them of such a character that the workingmen of the party will not recognize them. By means of this ring it is asserted that the miserable innumerable, whom we have frequently had to denounce, are kept in office because they have paid their money to the ring, and therefore must be protected. We have been loth to take up this explanation of the parties' trouble here, until we learned that it could be proven that this was the only channel through which the public crib, we must admit the theory looks plausible, and there must be some explanation for the outlandish course pursued by the Administration.

UMBRELLAS.—In a recent number of Chambers' Journal there is some interesting gossip about umbrellas and their introduction into England. It appears that as late as 1778, one John Macdonald, a footman, was ridiculed for carrying in the streets of London an umbrella he brought from Spain; however, he tells us, he persisted for three months in carrying it, till people took no further notice of the novelty. It was considered a mark of effeminacy to carry an umbrella, and the hackney coachmen were loath to let their passengers against their use, for it was during wet weather that these men made their harvest. In fine weather, people generally preferred walking to being jolted in a coach. Disraeli said that at first a single umbrella was kept at the coffee-houses, and lent as a coach or a chair, in a heavy shower.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR THE POTATO.—Forest Sheppard, in Colman's Rural World, says: "I beg leave to call attention to the eatable-rooted lily of Chili and Peru, as a substitute for the potato, in addition to the Apio of New Granada. It is known as *Alstroemeria* tuberous lily, and has been introduced to the notice of the farmers and gardeners of Europe as a substitute for the potato. Its tubers weigh from three to six ounces, are oval, and not furnished with eyes like the potato. Its stems are slender, and twine on other plants or sticks for support; its leaves are green and its blossoms appear in June and July. Its tubers are cooked for food in Chili, Peru, and other places."

VIRGINIA NEWS.

On Saturday night Carrie Edwards, an inmate of a house of ill-fame, in Richmond, committed suicide by taking laudanum, from the effects of which she died Sunday morning. Her maiden name was Courtney Martin, and she was a native of James City county, where she lived with her parents until that section was occupied by the Union army during the war, when she became married to a Federal soldier named Edwards, who remained with her only while the army was stationed there.

The Richmond Dispatch says:—"There are two excellent signs just now in Richmond.—First, money is easy at 8 to 10 per cent, and is likely to be lower still; and second, there is more building going on than at any former period, save for a brief while just after the close of the war, when the people had to go to work to resurrect their city from her ruins."

The students of Randolph Macon College, in conjunction with the other young gentlemen of that section will give a grand tournament on Tuesday next at Ashland, to be followed at night by a feast, at which the ladies of the village will furnish ices, creams, fruits, &c., at moderate prices in aid of "the Literary Hall fund."

Mr. H. D. Hammer, of Wylliesburg, Charlotte county, had his steam saw and grist mill entirely destroyed by fire on yesterday. There were two hundred bushels of corn in the mill, none of which was saved. Mr. Hammer's loss is about twelve hundred dollars, on which there is no insurance.

Captain Brooks, special assistant internal revenue assessor for Virginia, reports to Supervisor Presbury the seizure at Culpeper of an illicit distillery, which has been running with impunity for five years.

Judge Underwood was expected in Richmond to-day to hear an application for the appointment of a receiver. Judge Bond, if there be no matter requiring attention at his hands, will adjourn his court to-day.

The first lot of new wheat in Richmond, says a correspondent, was that of John A. Mosley, of Hanover county, on Thursday last. It sold for \$1.75 and was rated as "good white."

L. C. Frost, has sold his crop of wheat, which is said to be plump and beautiful, to Ficklen & Son, Fredericksburg, at \$1.65—deliverable on or before the 10th of July.

To-day was set for the trial of Chahoon in Richmond.

Seven thousand dollars was paid into the State Treasury yesterday.

SHAD.—INCREASE IN THE HUDSON AND CONNECTICUT RIVERS.—[From the Rochester N. Y. Union.]—The appearance of large quantities of shad in the Connecticut River and a considerable increase in the catch in the Hudson has led to inquiry why this is. As there is no increase noticeable in the other shad rivers and it is confined wholly to those streams in which artificial propagation has been resorted to, there can be no doubt but the increase is due to this cause exclusively. The fishermen on the Connecticut are dissatisfied because they find fish so plenty and the price so low. They prefer to catch one shad and sell it for half a dollar than five and receive the same sum. They do not like to concede that Mr. Green's propagation has caused the great run of shad, but insist that it is because of a mild season. But they are very much down upon artificial propagation, which indicates plainly that they regard this as the source of increase.

One of the Commissioners of Connecticut has addressed a brief note to Mr. Green on this subject. Mr. Green has answered it. We give below a copy of the correspondence. With the realization of the promises of Mr. G., the question becomes interesting:

MIDDLETON, Conn., June 7, 1871.—DEAR SIR: Can you inform me whether or not shad have been caught in the Hudson in unusual quantities this year? The fishermen here are trying to depreciate the efforts of the Commissioners in respect to shad, and they claim that our great run is owing to the peculiarly mild season. We do not believe this; and as they claim that you have had just such an increase in New York, will you tell me if it is so? Please answer at once, as I shall use your letter before the Legislative Committee.

R. G. PIKE, Fish Commissioner of Connecticut.

DEAR SIR: Yours of the 7th is received. I hasten to answer your questions as best I can. There has been an increase in the catch of shad in the Hudson. The 3,000,000 of young shad I put in the Hudson in 1868 are beginning to come in. The increase in itself would not, however, have affected the market much, had not the Connecticut shad gone into New York in such quantities. There and here the fishermen were not prepared for the increase—have no idea of salting, and are out of that way of doing business. They must prepare to sell more at low prices, and salt what they do not sell. The surplus will thus be distributed over the country, and the fish trade will regulate itself.

I am not surprised at the increase. It is what I predicted. There is no increase this year in any river that shad frequent except the Connecticut and the Hudson. I have just come from the South, and find their catch is light everywhere.

That it is artificial propagation that has given the increase in your river and ours I do not doubt. In time even the fishermen will be convinced, as incredulous as they naturally are. They must be content with plenty of fish and much lower prices. This is what the people want and what they are bound to have.

The fishermen are a pack of Ishmaelites. They are against one another. The gilliers hate the ponders, and the ponders hate the seiners, and they hate each other all round. When I was experimenting on the Connecticut these same fishermen abused me because I said I would make fish plenty, and they broke my boxes. They did what they could to drive me away. The large run of fish they have is in spite of themselves. If the Commissioners want plenty of fish for the masses of the people at low prices, they must expect to incur the hatred of the fishermen. They hated me for even promising them plenty of fish, and will now hate everybody who rejoices that plenty has come, the Commissioners included.

SETH GREEN.

COLORADO FOSSILS.—[From the Boulder News.]—Abundant evidence in the shape of fossil remains, is to be found in that portion of Colorado lying east of, and contiguous to, the base of the mountains, extending from north to south, through the entire length of the Sierra Madre, that this region has once had a tropical climate. Fossil fishes, tigers, leopards, and other tropical animals, have been found in Nebraska, several degrees north of us. We have sections of an elephant's tusk, picked up on the range between Fairplay and Breckenridge. Of vegetable remains, the tropical fern, the palm leaf, the lemon, and the cocconut are found in abundance. In the clay formations overlying our coal measures, the perfect impression of immense palm-leaves are found on all hands. In sinking a shaft near Erie, the Rev. Van Valkenburg found the impression of palm leaves four feet long at almost every foot. In a line hedge near Boulder are petrified accounts in large numbers. Besides, our remarkable coal measures, fifty-two feet in thickness all evidently of vegetable origin, point unmistakably to the fact that these things were produced by the same influences now found in the tropical regions.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.—A colored woman has been arrested on the charge of poisoning a woman of whom she was jealous.

The bodies of two dead infants were found yesterday, one in the vicinity of Seventh street, and Maryland avenue, which bore marks of violence, and the other in the river at the foot of H street. Infanticide seems to be a growing crime.

The Circuit Court has on trial the case of the noted Mrs. Rives-Pollard against Lyon, the proprietor of the St. Cloud Hotel, of which Mr. Pollard once had charge. She sues him for articles of personal wear lost at the hotel during the time she was at the insane asylum, and lays her damage at one thousand dollars.

A difference of opinion between the chaupions of the colored schools here, which are represented on one side by S. J. Bowen and his friends, and by the Henry Johnson party on the other, is the subject of anxious consideration by the Secretary of the Interior.

THE INCOME TAX is at last fairly submitted to a judge of the Supreme Court of the U. S. Mr. Justice Strong, sitting on circuit in Philadelphia, in the case of Henry C. Lea, against Wm. R. Leeds, an internal revenue collector, to recover back the amount of certain income tax heretofore collected. The remarks which fell from the judge were few, and did not indicate which way his mind leaned. He observed in answer to some statistics submitted "that Mr. Wm. B. Astor had paid income on more than the whole State of Vermont, and that Mr. A. T. Stewart had paid more than was collected in any one of twenty-seven States and Territories. Indeed, then, the aggregate amounts paid by Florida, Arizona, Colorado, Dakota, Washington, New Mexico, Utah, Idaho and Montana combined;" that "no one was more conscious of the injustice of the present income law in its operation, but the question before him was one of power, and not policy."

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN.—The Journal of Commerce replies to the question of a correspondent: "What proportion of those who succeed in acquiring a competency in business pursuits ultimately retain it?" The editor says that of those who engage in business on their own account only three out of a hundred escape failure, and only five out of a hundred succeed in avoiding an entire collapse of their first effort. Of those who at some time or other have in hand a reasonable competence, and may be said to have succeeded in business, ninety per cent, are still the subjects of after-reverses of some sort, so that only ten per cent, of the successful ones, keep their fortune unshaken. No two things, the Journal thinks, should be more strongly impressed upon the young men of our country than the insecurity of riches, even when acquired, and their transitory character.

STRAW BAIL.—We are glad to perceive a U. S. Commissioner has taken a step which will most probably put a stop to the fraudulent system, long practiced in this city by violators of the law, of offering as bondsmen persons without means who were never backward in swearing to the possession of property requisite to fit them to be securities to any amount. Formerly we saw a lot of persons sell themselves as being involved in the process should bondsmen's execution, and Mr. Osborn's commitment on Thursday of a person on the charge of perjury, dissipated a delusion which the straw-bail fraternity has too long entertained. Since it is to be hoped, will not be perpetuated, through the agency of professional bondsmen. There are hundreds of these practitioners who have been assisting to cheat justice for years past, and who have been hitherto signally successful in their schemes.—*New York News.*

LE CIRCLE.—This new game is exciting the greatest interest in fashionable circles, and bids fair to quite supersede croquet. From the lawns of the finest country houses croquet has been given over to the children, and "Le Circle" promoted to the prominent place as the prettier, more interesting, and by far the livelier game of the two.

Mr. Geo. Grote, whose death was announced yesterday in a dispatch from London, was formerly a member of the British House of Commons, and in politics a Liberal. He was the author of several works and of various articles in the Reviews, but his fame mostly rests upon his History of Greece.

Everywhere throughout the country, the harvest, this year, has been earlier than usual.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, JUNE 20.—Receipts of Wheat are very light, and there were no transactions in that staple on 'Change this morning. Corn is quiet and steady; offerings of 258 bushels mixed, with sales at \$7. Rye is quiet at \$5; sales of 100 bushels. Oats are in fair request; sales at \$2 and \$3, with offerings of 532 bushels.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JUNE 20.—71. SUN ROSES..... 4.34 MOON SETS..... 9.42 SUN SETS..... 7.28

ARRIVED.

Sch'r Warren Sawyer, Cobh, Windsor, N. S., to W. A. Smoot.

Sch'r M. P. Godell, New York, to American Coal Co.

Sch'r F. Morwin, Groton, and N. P. Godell, Stonington, by American Coal Co.

MEMORANDA.

Sch'r E. R. Kirk, Burnett, Stephen Morgan, Smyrna, to J. J. Ward, Linn, and Wm. Allen, Grand, before New York 18th inst.

MARRIED.

In Baltimore, on the 8th instant, by Rev. Wesley R. Davis, CONWAY ROBINSON, of Richmond, Va., to KATE E. KING, of Baltimore.

DIED.

On the 20th instant, of consumption, SARAH ELLEN, wife of Joseph Miller, in the 44th year of her age, and her remains will be forwarded to Baltimore for interment to-morrow at noon.

[Baltimore papers please copy.]

At the residence of Simon C. Peyton, esp. in Stafford county, Va., on Friday, June 2, 1871, Mr. WM. CHINN, in the 67th year of his age.

CONSTANTLY RECEIVING NEW BOOKS AT

FRENCH, NO. 95 KING STREET.

To-day, for Lord and Master, by Florence Margat, author of Love's Conflict, Veronique, etc., 50c.

Tragedy in the Fire, by Leone Blanchard, \$1.25.

Practical Cook, a story for boys and girls, by Margaret Smith, 25c.

The Book of Travels of a Doctor of Physic, observations made in portions of two continents, \$2.00.

Wear and Tear, or Hints to the Overworked, by L. W. Mitchell, M. D., 35c.

New by The Godly Lady, Book, receipts and household hints, carefully selected and arranged, by S. Annie Frost, 82c.

Also, The Young Housewife's Counselor and Friend, containing directions in every department of home management, including the duties of wife and mother, by Mrs. Mary Mason, 82c.

Crucial as the Grave, by Mrs. Southworth, \$1.75. Tried for Her Life, by Mrs. Southworth. Two new books by this charming writer.

Echoes of Christian Truth, from the Life of General Robert E. Lee, by Rev. R. H. McKim, Rector of Christ Church, Alexandria, Va. Everybody should have a copy. Mailed to any part of the country on receipt of Ld.

JOURNAL OF A YOUNG LADY, of Virginia, 1782, by Emily V. Mason, Price \$1. Je 16

ENGLISH AND SCOTCH ALE AND HIBBERT BROWN STOUT for sale by Je 12-1w GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

GROCERIES.

GEO. MCBURNEY & SON, Dealers in CHOICE FAMILY AND FANCY GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS, English and Scotch Ale and Brown Stout; also, Eastern and Potomac Herring and Mackerel, NOS. 166 and 170 KING STREET, (Washington Hall Building,) Alexandria, Va. Orders promptly filled. my 31

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WM. F. BROOKES, FAMILY GROCER, Has removed to 147 KING STREET, Below Washington street.

ap 15-1f

JOHN HARLOW, M. B. HARLOW, HARLOW & BROTHER, GROCERS, LIQUOR, FEED, AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Northwest corner Royal and Cameron streets, Alexandria, Virginia.

Special attention given to the sale of Country Produce. We most respectfully call the attention of the trade to our large and splendid stock of goods, consisting of Wines and Liquors, Flour, Beans, Shoulders, Breakfast Pieces, Butter, Lard, Cheese, Corn Meal, Crackers, Syrup, Molasses, Cod Fish, Mackerel, Herring, Wood-oil, Baskets, Spices, Cigars, Tobacco, Canned Goods, Coal Oil, &c., and every other article usually found in a first class wholesale and retail establishment. Orders from the country respectfully solicited, and all orders shall receive our prompt attention. mar 20-ly

REMOVAL.

G. WM. RAMSAY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL FAMILY GROCER,

Has removed to S. E. COR. KING AND ST. ASAPH STS., ALEXANDRIA, VA. mar 16-1f

F. G. SWAINE,

No 22 North Royal street, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, and Wholesale dealer in GROCERIES, LIQUORS, SALT, FISH, &c. Particular attention given to the sale of Grain and country produce generally. mar 15

ANOTHER GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF TEAS AND COFFEES.

TEAS: Japan, unroasted, \$1; Best Extra, 1.20; Oolong, 80 and 90c; English Breakfast, 80 and 91c; Imperial, \$1.50; Young Hyson, 50c, \$1; Gunpowder, \$1.25, \$1.50; Remember that we guarantee our Teas to be fresh, pure and unadulterated, and if not satisfactory will be exchanged.

COFFEES:

Java, Mocha, Ceylon, Maricao, Lagayra and Rio Green, Roasted or Ground, if desired, from 50c to 1.00 per pound less than former prices. We use great care in the selection of our Coffees, and guarantee them to give entire satisfaction.

We would also call attention to our stock of Jellies, Canned Goods, French, English and American Mustards, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, American Pickles, Peas, Beans & Corn, celebrated Biscuits, Albert Biscuits, Pure French Candy, from 20 to 50c per pound.

Every variety of Spices, perfectly pure, ground and whole. A liberal discount to the trade. CHINESE TEA, CHINESE SALT, No. 11 North Royal street, Near the Market. Jan 21

RICHARD W. AVERY, F. J. DAVIDSON, AVERY & DAVIDSON

Dealers in CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, AND LIQUORS, No. 226, King street, corner of Alfred, Jan 14-1f Alexandria, Va.

J. CLINTON MILBURN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in GROCERIES, Corner Cameron and Royal streets, [Opposite the Market,] Alexandria, Va. my 3-4f

INSURANCE AGENTS.

ALEXANDRIA INSURANCE COMPANY, Office, No. 91 King st.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. D. COORSE, JOHN B. SMOOT, F. A. REED, GEO. H. ROBINSON, E. S. LEADBEATER, WILLIAM COGAN, BENONI WHEAT.

This Company is now prepared to insure all kinds of property, in the city or country, against loss by fire, on the most favorable terms. By insuring in this Company the money paid for premiums will be kept at home, to be invested and put in circulation in our midst, thus incidentally adding every branch of business, and adding to the value of all the property of the community.

All losses will be promptly adjusted and paid. BENONI WHEAT, President.

MORTON MARYE, Secretary. my 25-3m

INSURANCE.

FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE effected in responsible companies at fair rates.—We represent the

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE, a prompt, substantial and liberal company.

Assets \$20,000,000. HOOE, WEDDERBURN & CO., No. 2 Prince street.

NEW GOODS FOR GENTLEMEN.

SUMMER SUITING.

The West Point White Linen Drilling for Pants, Coats and Vests.

Striped Brown Linen Drillings, eight different styles.

Heavy and Fine Farmers' Drillings.

Gray, Brown and Black-mixed Two-wells.

Black and Fancy Cassimeres.

Also, a large supply of Kentucky Jeans and low-priced goods, at

R. L. WOODS, 62 King st. Je 19

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

Bills for the quarter ending June 15th are now ready for delivery. All bills paid on or before the 1st of July, and on none others, a discount of ten per cent will be allowed; and all bills not paid by the 15th of July, the flow of gas will be stopped.

Je 17-1w J. ROXBURY, Supt.

LUMP PLASTER!

LUMP PLASTER! LUMP PLASTER! 500 tons Lump Plaster to arrive direct from Quarries, per sch'r Warren Sawyer, for sale by Je 19-2w W. A. SMOOT, Smoot's wharf.

WE HAVE JUST